## MATH 504 ANALYSIS IN EUCLIDEAN SPACES, SPRING TERM 2009, PROBLEMS 11

Return by Wednesday 15th April

1. In class we showed that if

$$f(x) = \int_{-b}^{b} \hat{f}(t)e(xt)dt = 0$$
 (1)

for |x| > a, then f is identically 0. Prove that the conclusion holds provided only that (1) holds when  $x \in (a, a')$  where a < a'.

2. An entire function f is of exponential type  $T < \infty$  when

$$\limsup_{R \to \infty} R^{-1} \log \max_{|z|=R} |f(z)| = T.$$

(i) Prove that T < 0 iff  $f \equiv 0$ .

(ii) Give examples of non-constant entire functions of type 0 and of type 1.